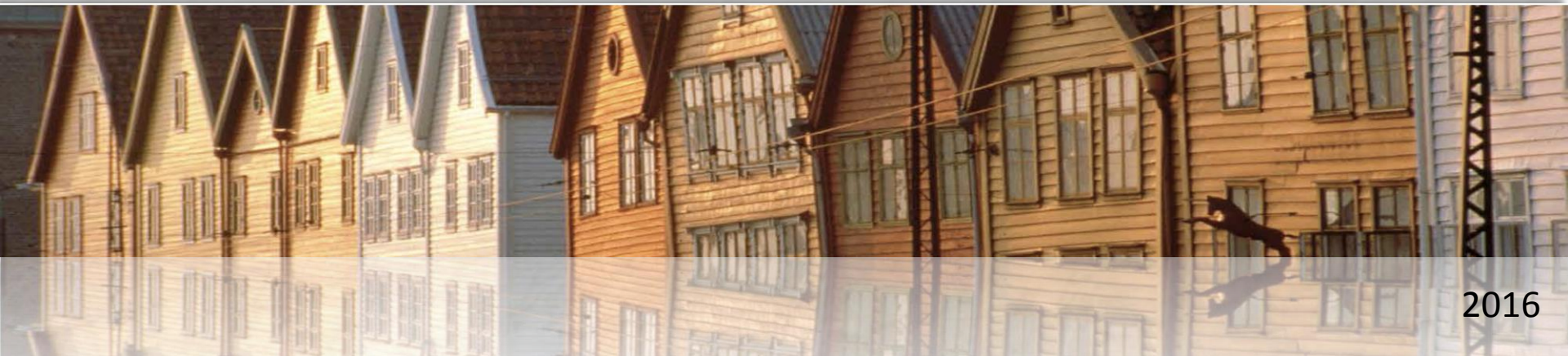
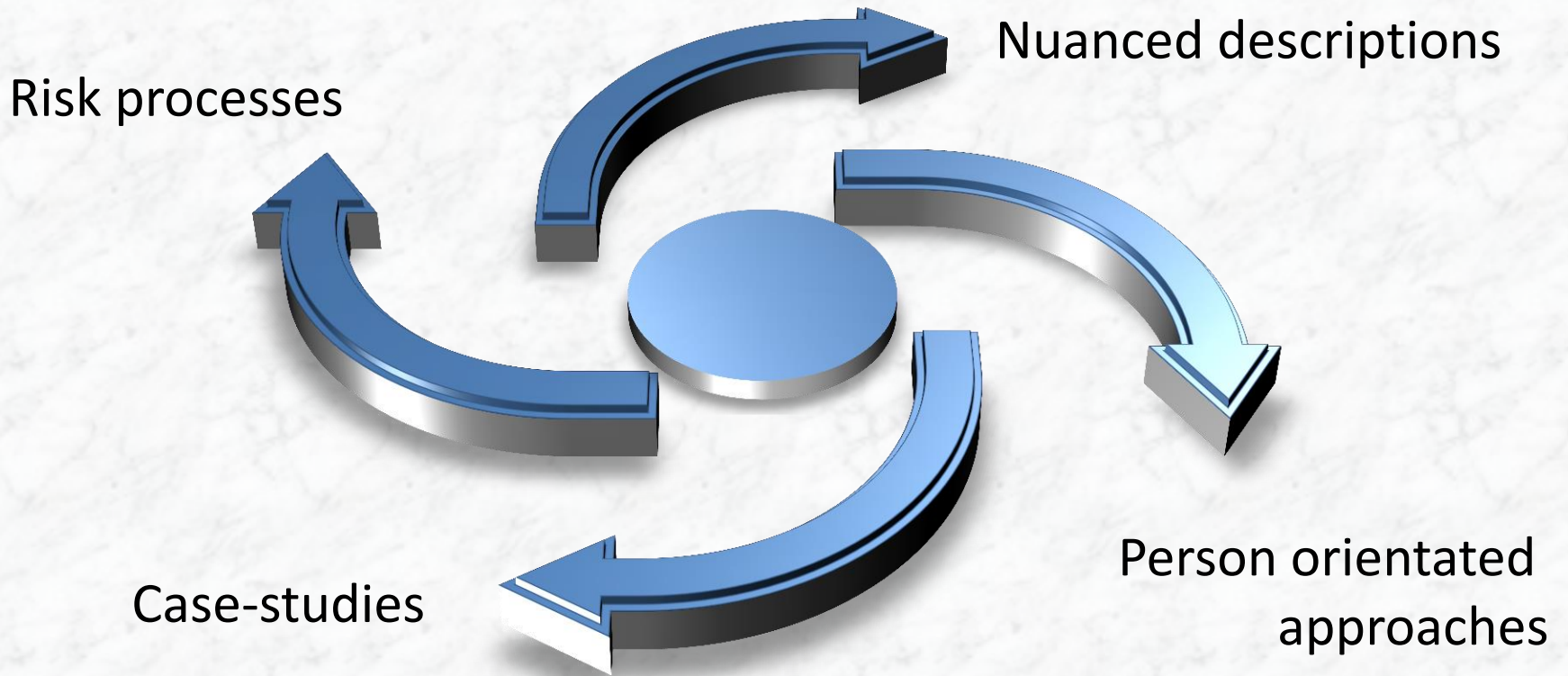


Personality Disorder and Forensic Practice

David J Cooke
University of Bergen



Future Directions



PLEA ONE

MORE COMPREHENSIVE DESCRIPTIONS



CAPP



Comprehensive



Diagnostic
Criteria

Psychopathic
Personality
Disorder

Developing the CAPP - Summary

Consult Subject Experts

Group Symptoms

1

2

3

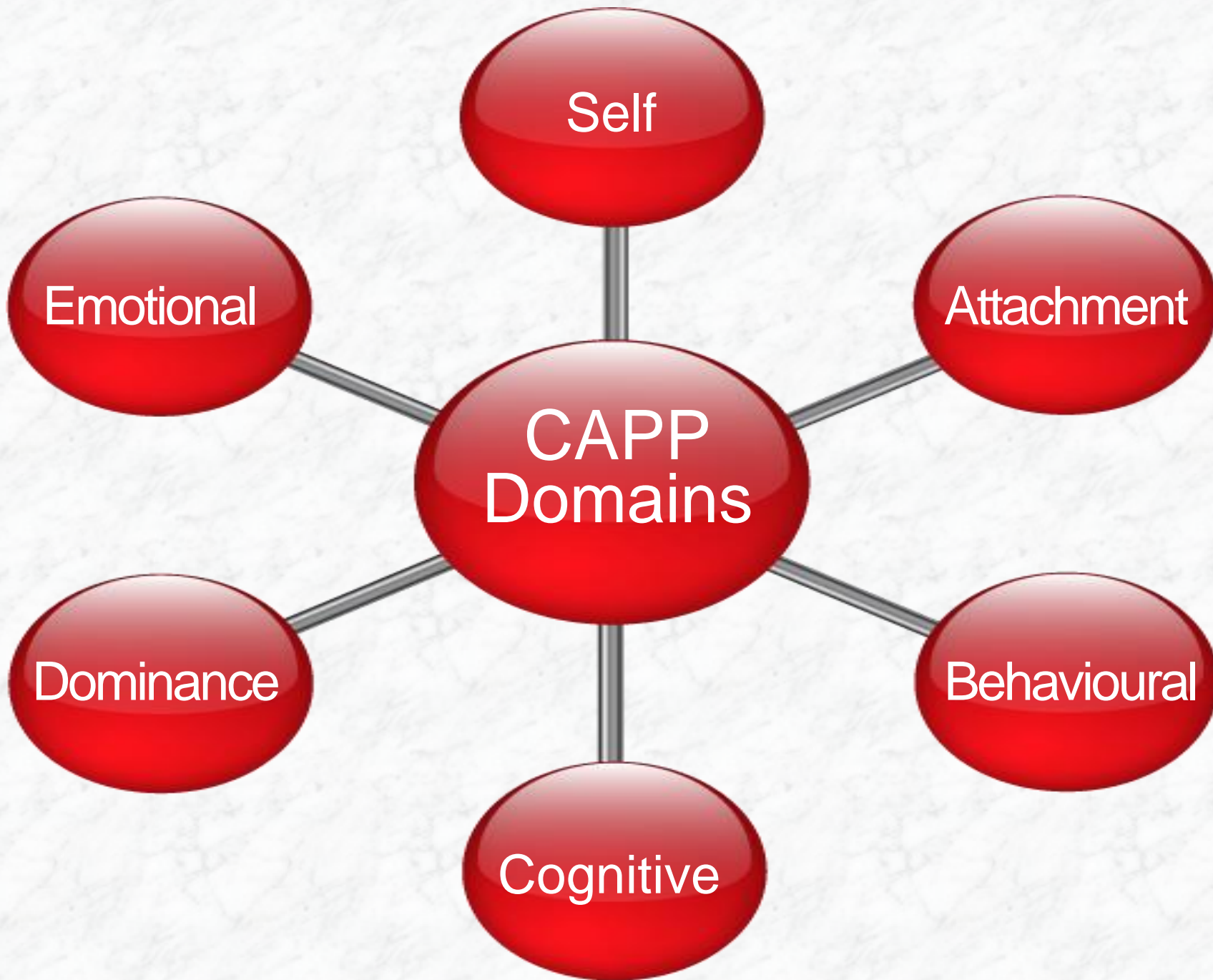
4

Consult the Ancients

Refine Symptoms







Self

Attachment

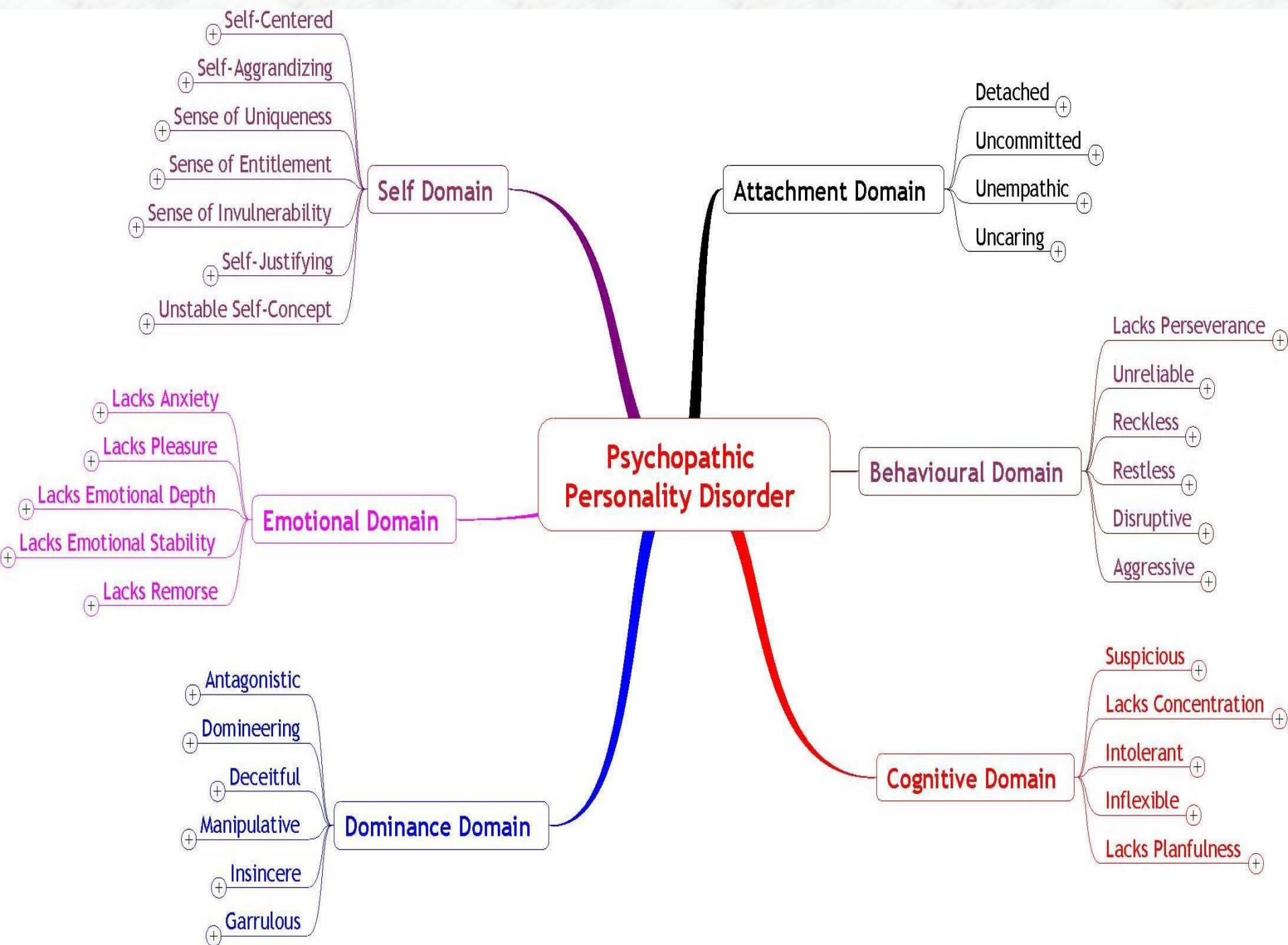
CAPP
Domains

Behavioural

Cognitive

Dominance

Emotional



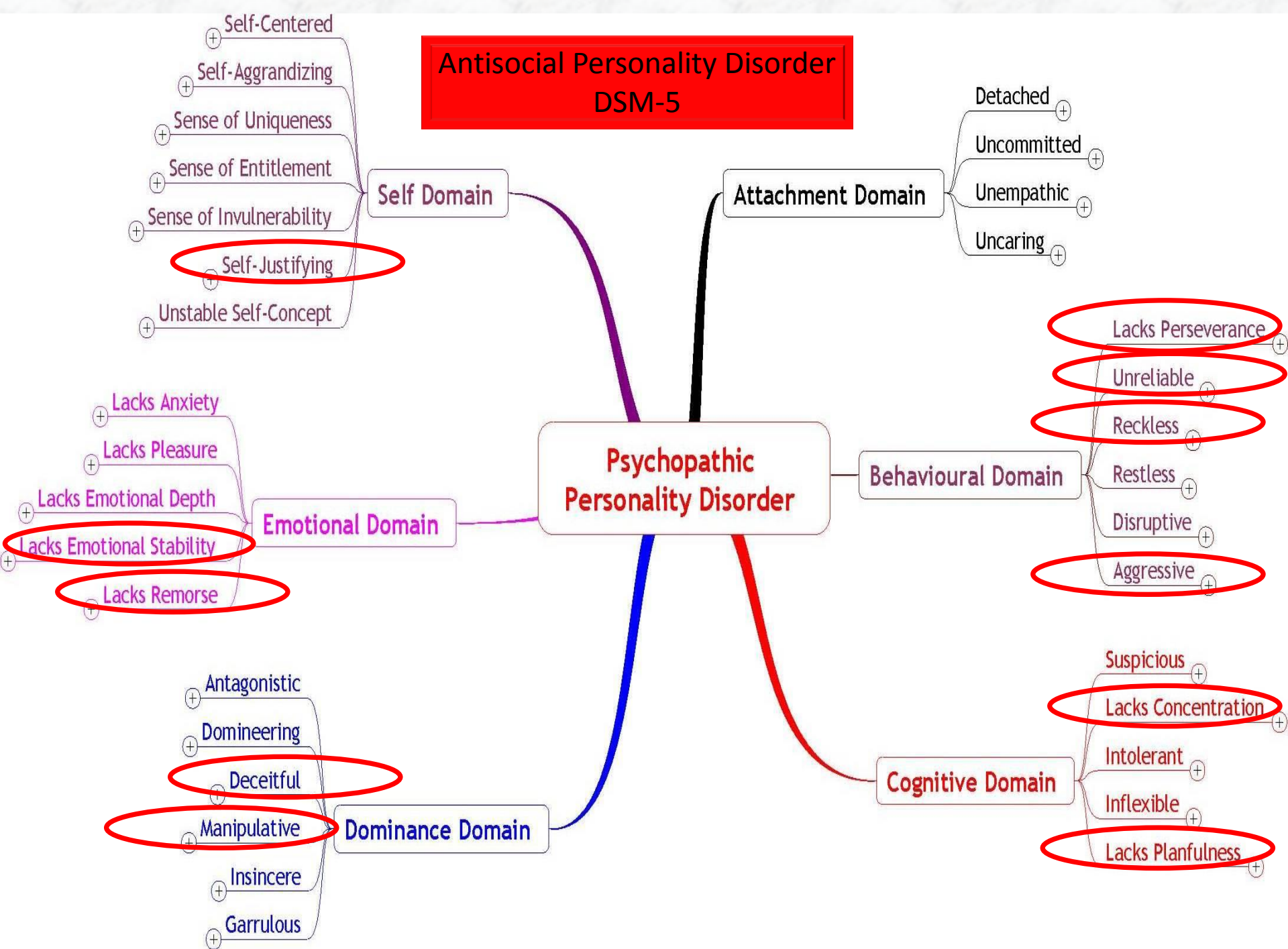


Antisocial Personality Disorder

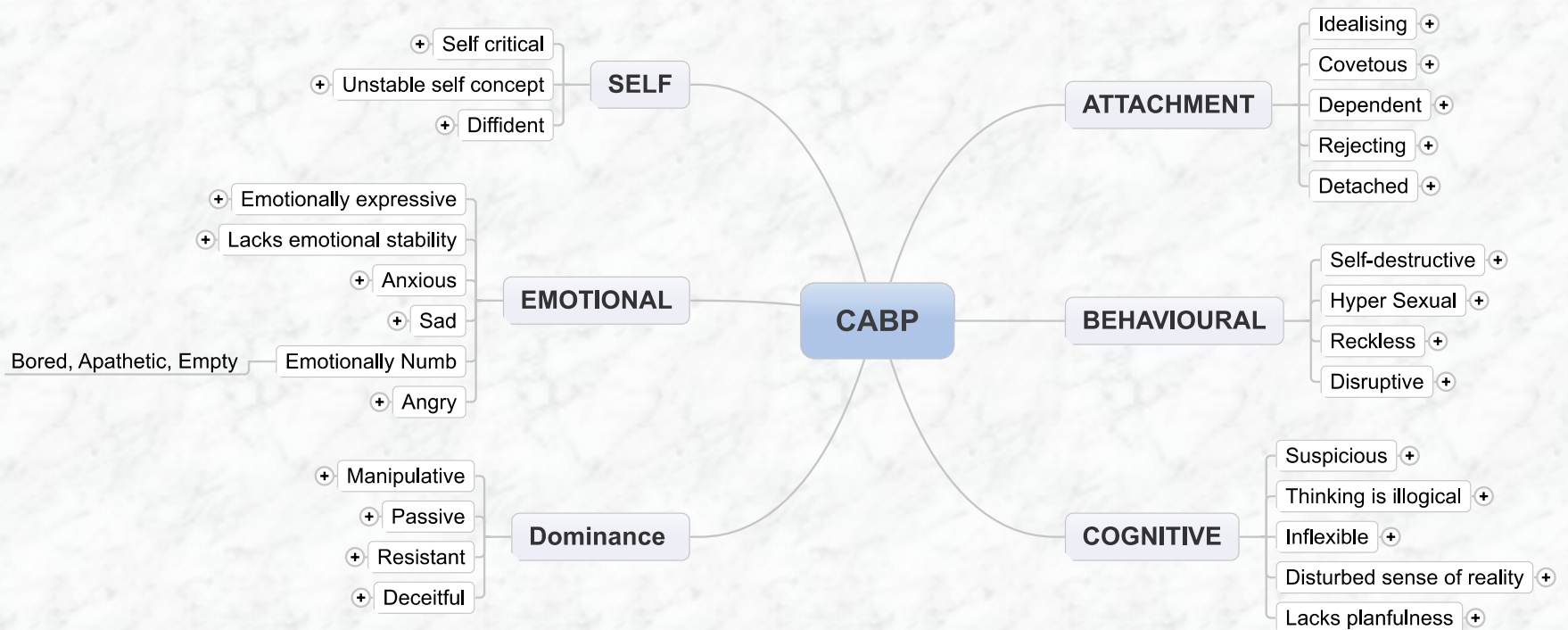
“This pattern has also been referred to as *psychopathy, sociopathy, or dyssocial personality disorder.*”

(DSM-5, p. 659, italics in original)

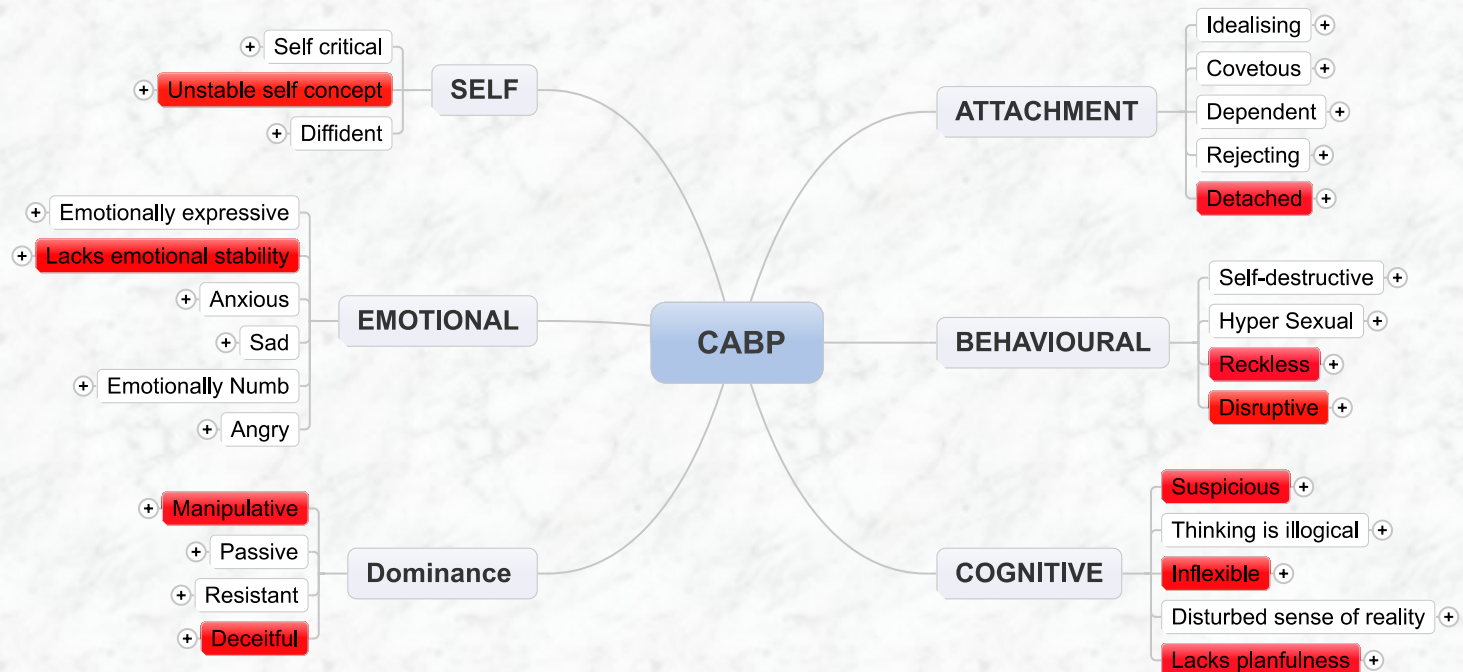
Antisocial Personality Disorder DSM-5



Comprehensive Assessment of Borderline Personality



Comprehensive Assessment of Borderline Personality



Are Psychopathic and Borderline Personality Disorder Distinct, or Differently Gendered Expressions of the Same Disorder? An Exploration Using Concept Maps

Simone Viljoen

Mental Health, Law, and Policy Institute, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada

Alana N. Cook

Mental Health, Law, and Policy Institute Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada; British Columbia Forensic Psychiatric Services Commission, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada; ProActive ReSolutions, Inc., Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada and Forensic Psychiatry Program, St. Joseph's Healthcare, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada

Yan L. Lim, Brianne K. Layden, and N. Kate Bousfield

Department of Psychology, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada

Stephen D. Hart

Department of Psychology, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada; Department of Psychology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway and ProActive ReSolutions, Inc., Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada

PLEA TWO
MORE FOCUS ON
PERSON-ORIENTATED METHODS



Psychopathy Meter



Brit. J. Psychiat. (1977), 131, 127-42

“Prediction of dangerousness is particularly difficult because: dangerousness is the resultant of a number of processes which occasionally may be synergistic amounting to more than the sum of the parts, some within the individual and some in society; it is not static; key factors are the individual’s adaptiveness, resistance to change, and his intentions...”

Scott (1977, p. 128)

that treatment is known, is very expensive in terms of liberty as well as services and often falls

order to cause that gain dangerousness will not be implied, but if he does it again it is likely to

Equifinality



Violence

Substance Abuse

Gain

Deviant values

Revenge

Impulsivity

Psychopathy

Violent Behaviour



Multifinality

Psychopathic traits

Psychopathic traits

Hero

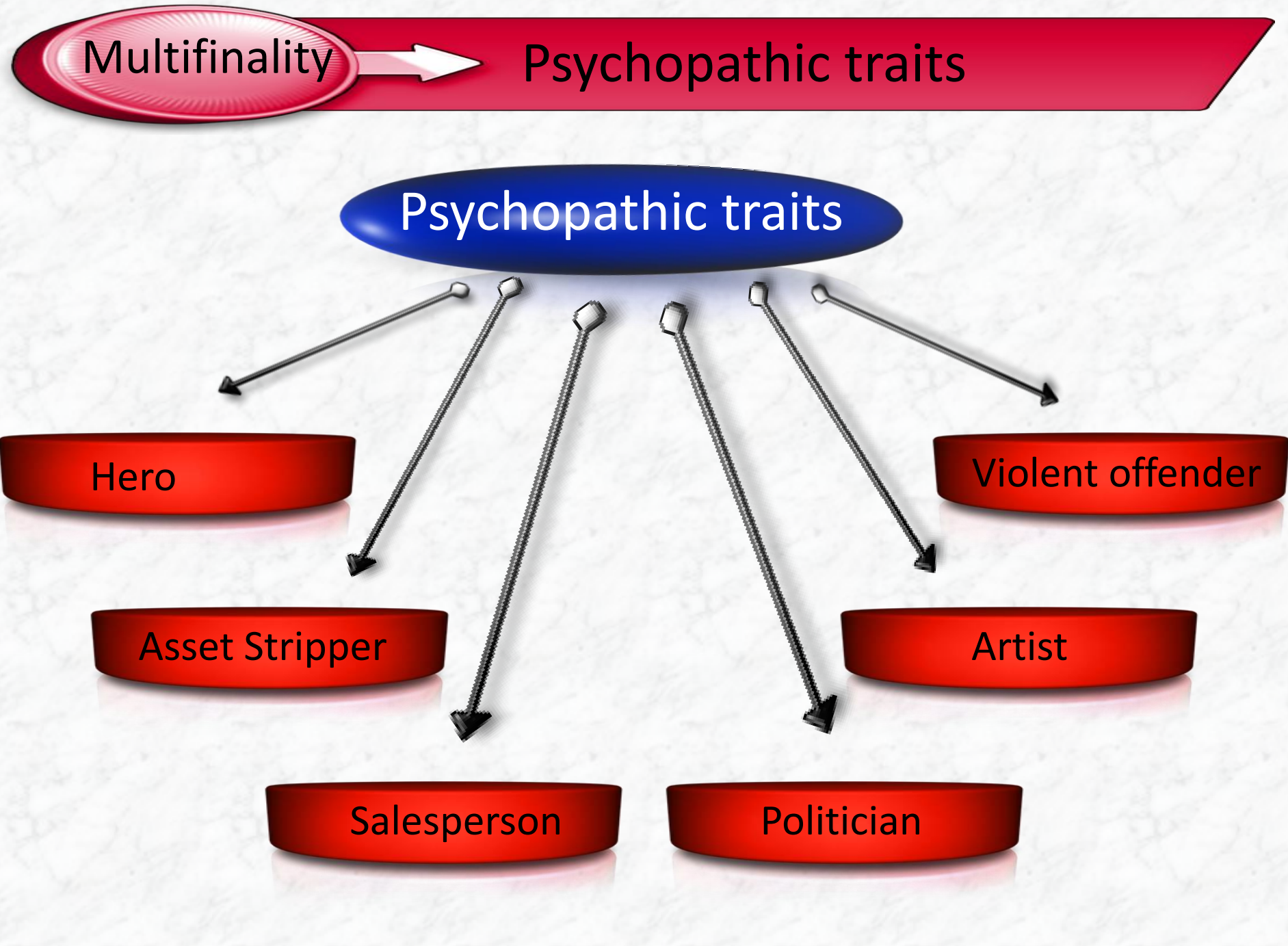
Violent offender

Asset Stripper

Artist

Salesperson

Politician



PERSON-ORIENTATED THEORY

Individual specificity

TENET 1

TENET 2

Complex
Interactions

TENET 4

Pattern Parsimony

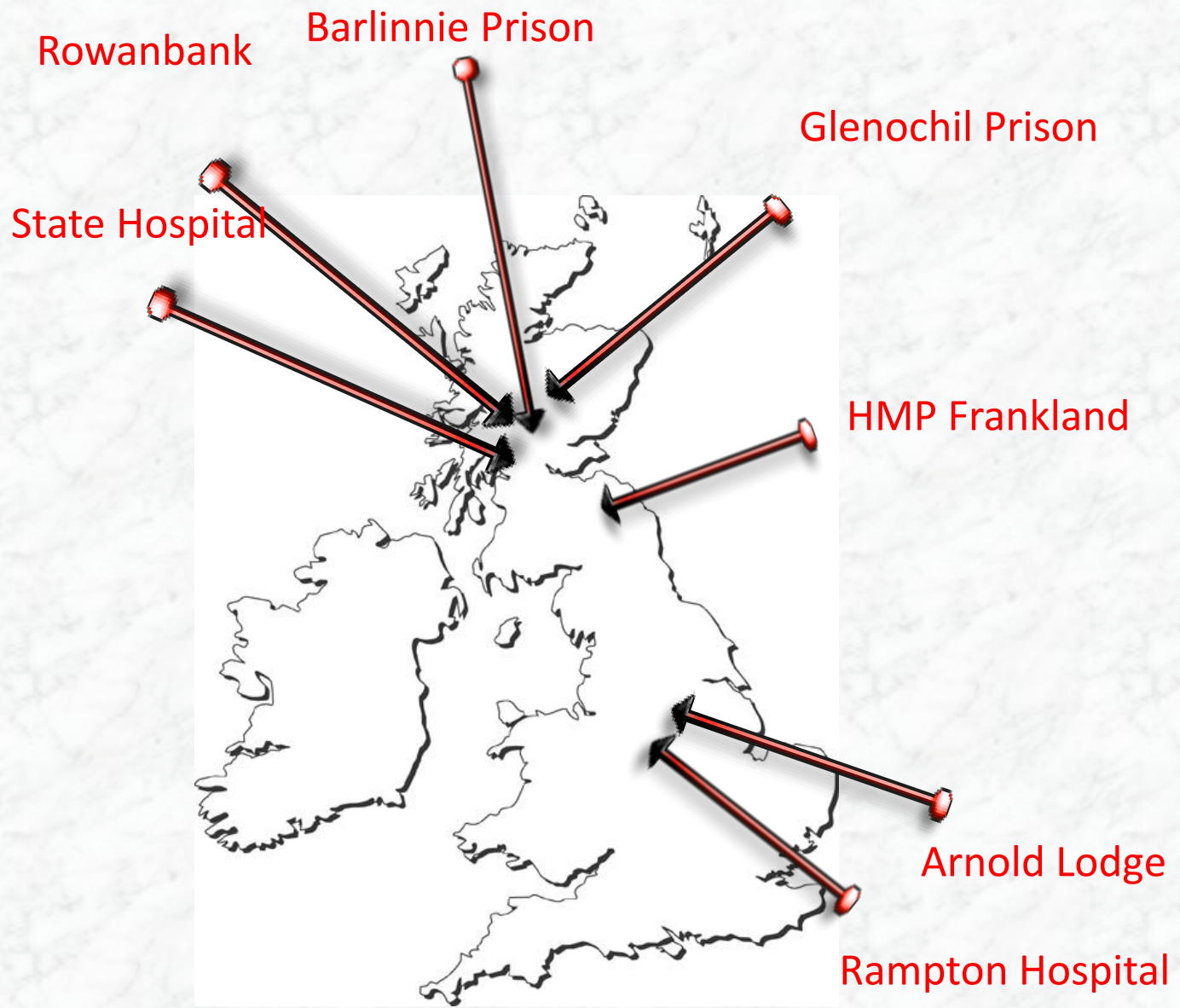
TENET 3

Holistic



Can we Identify Common Types







ROPstat: A General Statistical Package Useful for Conducting Person-Oriented Analyses

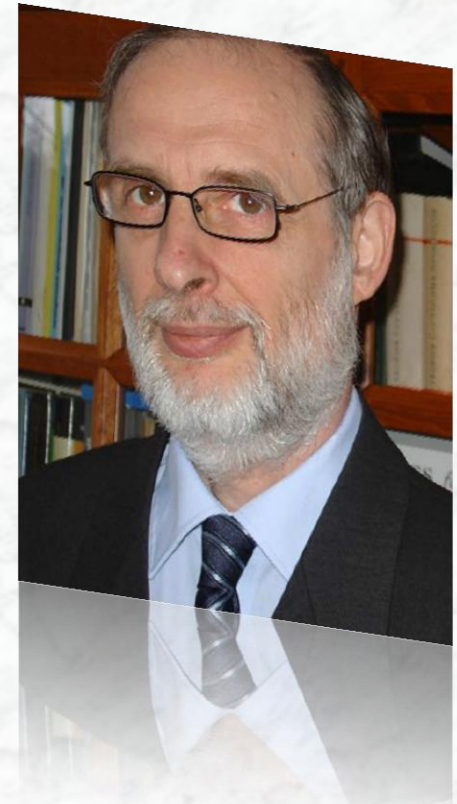
András Vargha^{1*}, Boglárka Torma², Lars R. Bergman³

¹ Institute of Psychology, Károli Gáspár University of the Reformed Church in Hungary, Bécsi út 324, Budapest, Hungary, H-1037

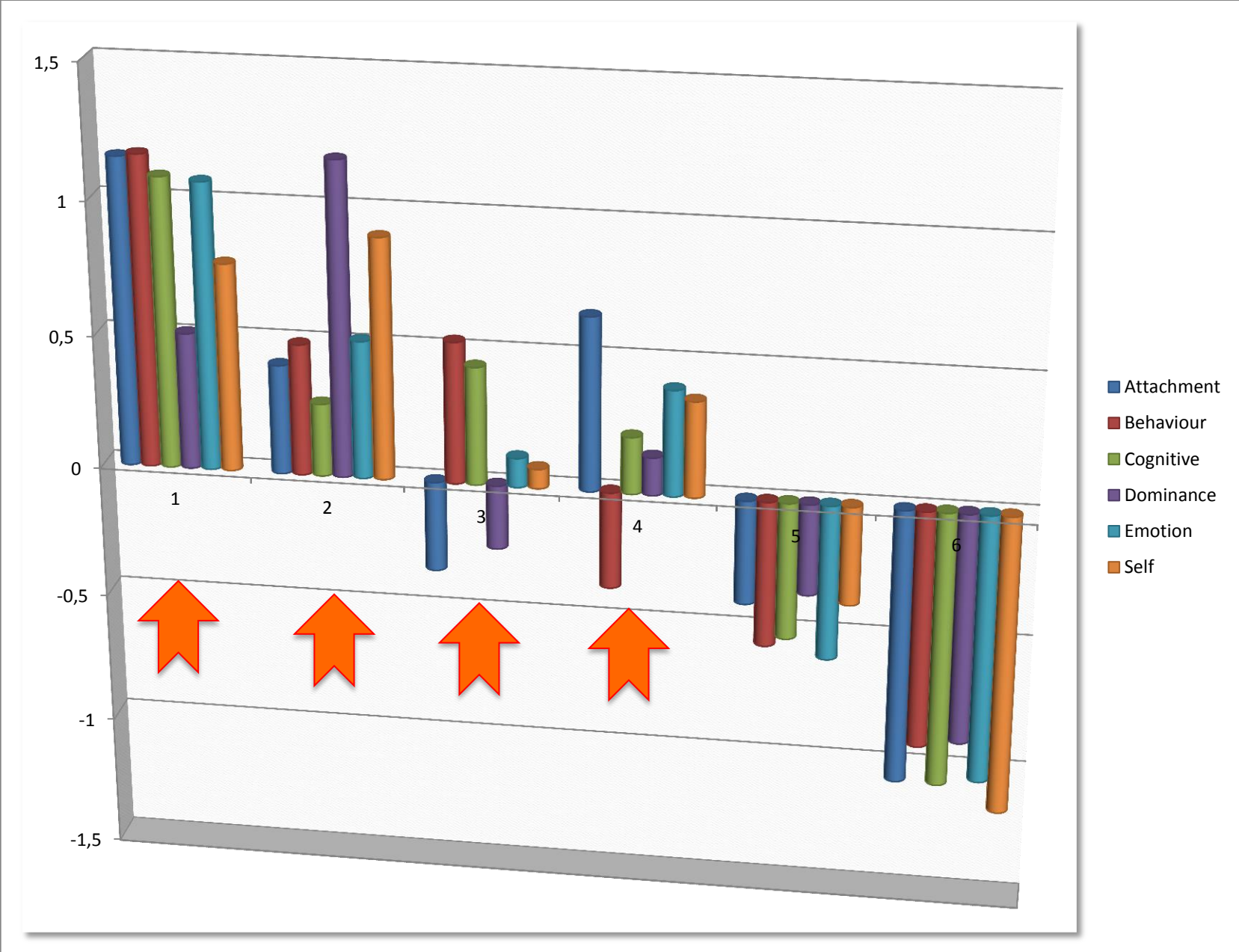
² IT Services Hungary Kft, Neumann János u. 1/c, H-1117 Budapest,

³ Department of Psychology, Stockholm University, 106 91 Stockholm, Sweden

- K-means Cluster analysis
- Implemented in ROPstat



András Vargha



PLEA THREE MORE CASE STUDIES



Parachute use to prevent death and major trauma related to gravitational challenge: systematic review of randomised controlled trials

Gordon C S Smith, Jill P Pell

“Individuals who insist that all interventions need to be validated by a randomised controlled trial need to come down to earth with a bump.”

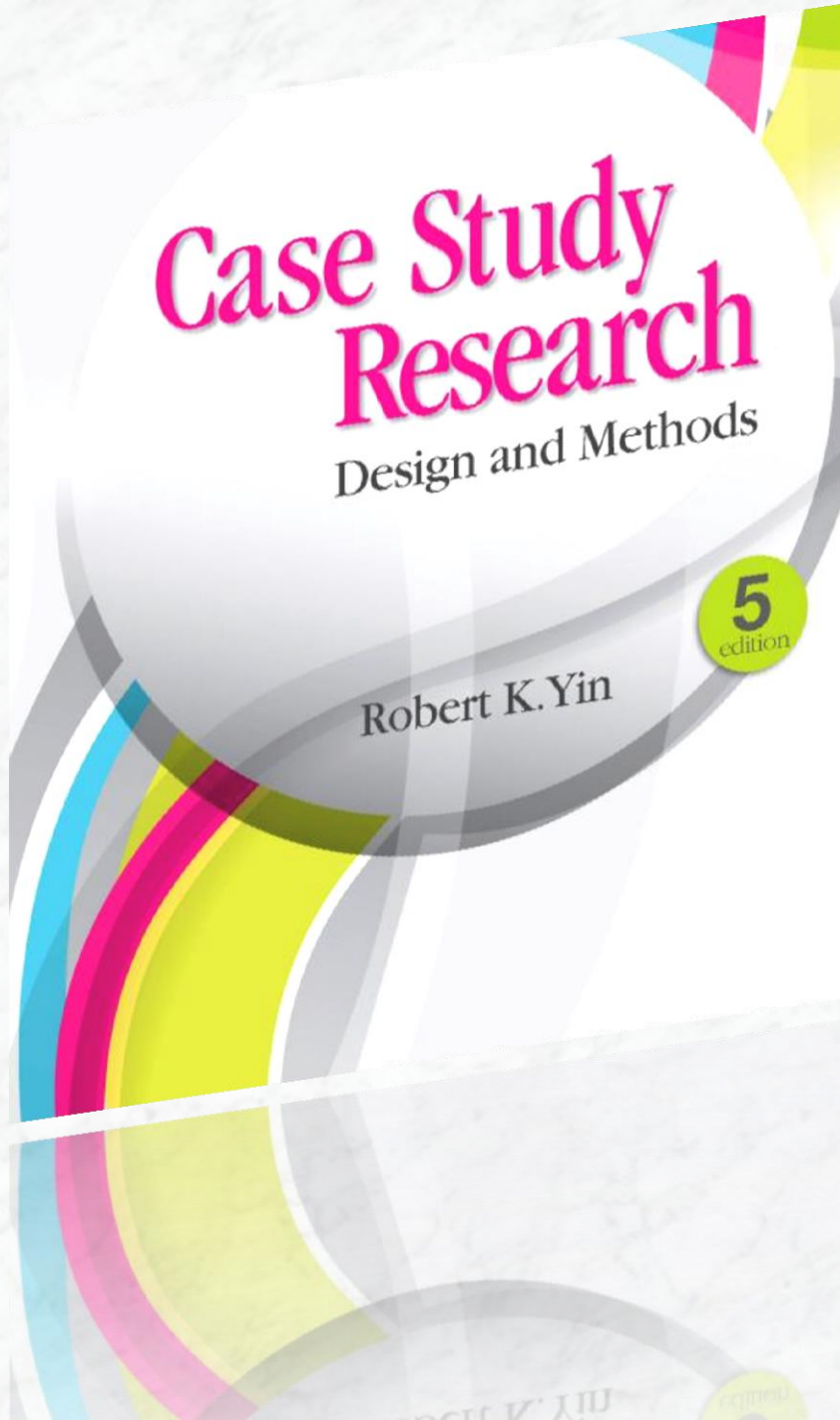


Case Study Research

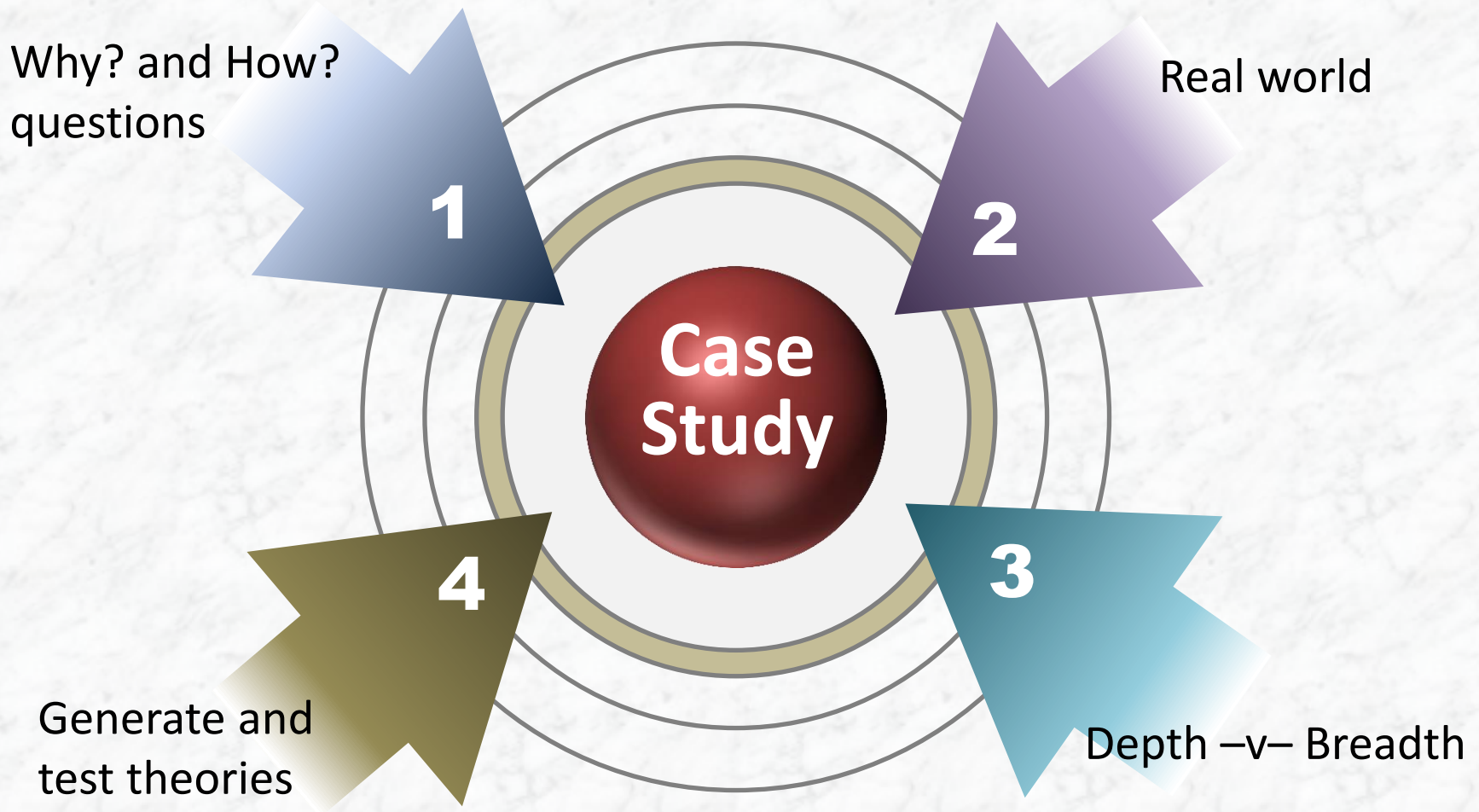
Design and Methods

Robert K. Yin

5
edition



Some Advantages of Case Studies



Five Misunderstandings About Case-Study Research

Bent Flyvbjerg
Aalborg University, Denmark

Qualitative Inquiry
Volume 12 Number 2
April 2006 219-245
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10.1177/1077800405284363
<http://qix.sagepub.com>
hosted at
<http://online.sagepub.com>

This article examines five common misunderstandings about case-study knowledge; case study is not the most useful method for eliminating a bias; case study is not by one and done; and out a large number of thoroughly executed case studies is a discipline without systematic production of exemplars, and a discipline without exemplars is an ineffective one. Social science may be strengthened by the execution of a greater number of good case studies.

“...the advantage of the case study is that it can close in on real-life situations and test views directly in relation to phenomena as they unfold in practice.”

Keywords: *case study; case selection; critical cases; validity in case studies*

The Manifestation of Psychopathic Traits in Women: An Exploration Using Case Examples

Mette K. F. Kreis

Department of Psychology, Glasgow Caledonian University, Glasgow, Scotland

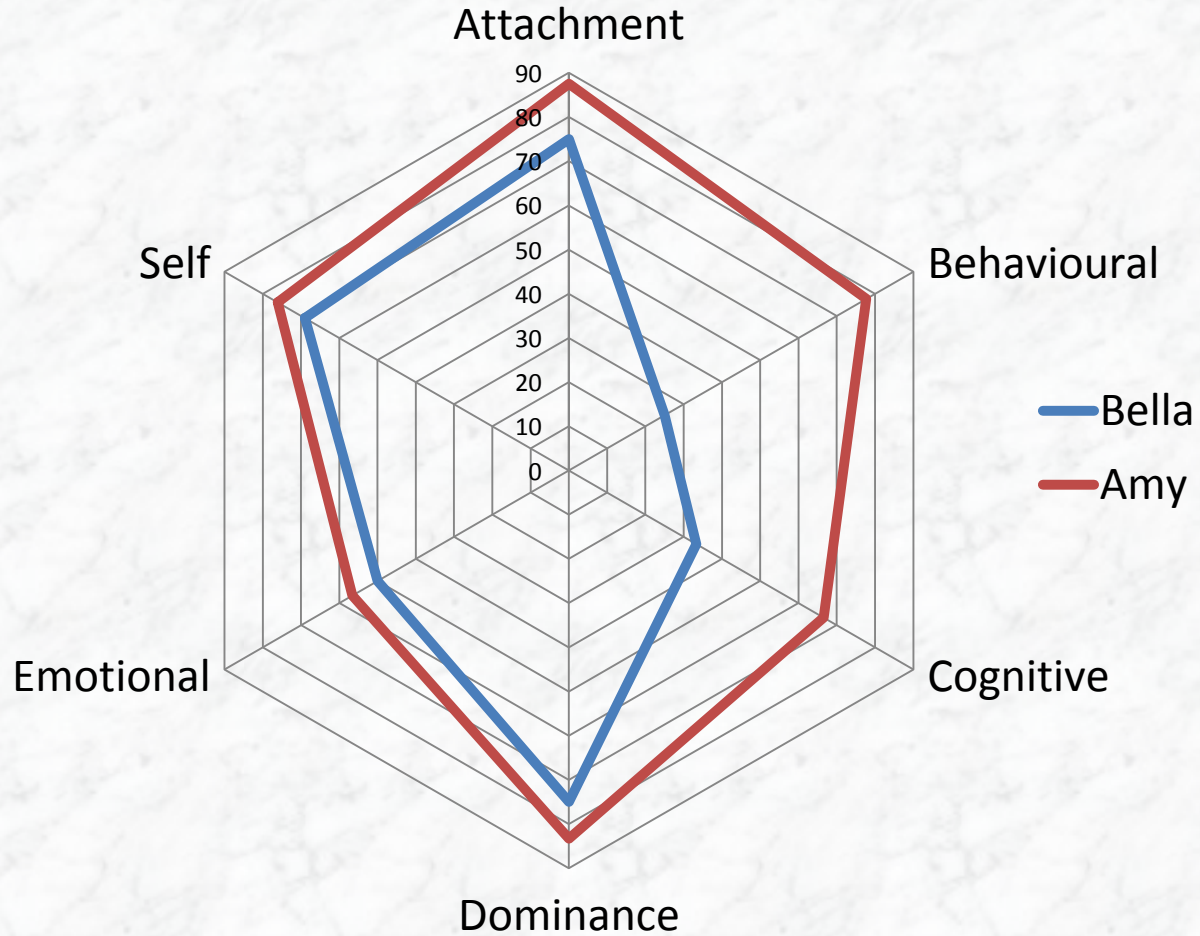
David J. Cooke

*Department of Psychology, Glasgow Caledonian University, Glasgow, Scotland, and Faculty of Psychology,
University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway*

The construct of female psychopathy is poorly understood. Progress in this area is hindered by the reliance on male psychopathy conceptualizations and measurement frameworks, and the failure to establish what the construct looks like in females. Case studies are a fundamental step in the development of a clearer female psychopathy conceptualization, yet one that has been neglected in the literature. This article explores the presentation and manifestation of psychopathic traits in two cases of women offenders with high levels of such traits, using two measures of psychopathy: the Comprehensive Assessment of Psychopathic Personality (CAPP) and the Psychopathy Checklist Screening Version (PCL:SV). Findings are discussed in relation to what is known about psychopathy in women, and in men. Potential implications for clinical practice, including the assessment of psychopathy in women, are considered.

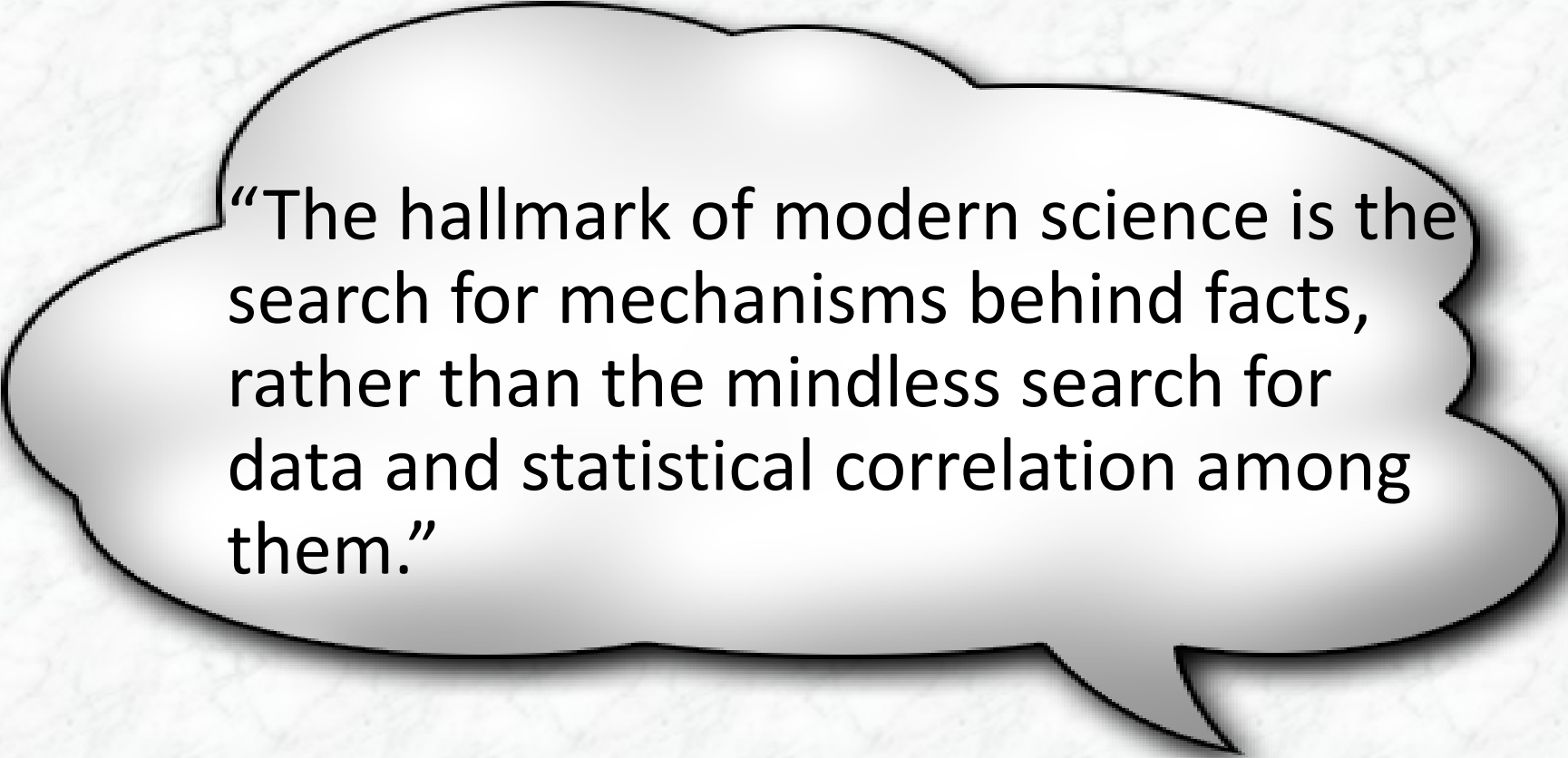
Keywords: psychopathy, female psychopathy, case study, CAPP, PCL:SV

CAPP-IRS Consensus ratings – Bella and Amy



PLEA FOUR DEVELOP A TAXONOMY OF RISK PROCESSES





“The hallmark of modern science is the search for mechanisms behind facts, rather than the mindless search for data and statistical correlation among them.”



ELSEVIER

Journal of Criminal Justice



Capturing clinical complexity: Towards a personality-oriented measure of psychopathy

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^a Glasgow Caledonian University, Scotland & University of Bergen, Norway

^b Greater Manchester West Mental Health NHS Foundation Trust & University of Manchester, England

ARTICLE INFO

Available online xxxxx

ABSTRACT

Purpose: This paper examines the construct of psychopathy and the challenge of conceptualizing and operationalizing a personality disorder that is poorly described by standard diagnostic systems yet remains important within the forensic field.

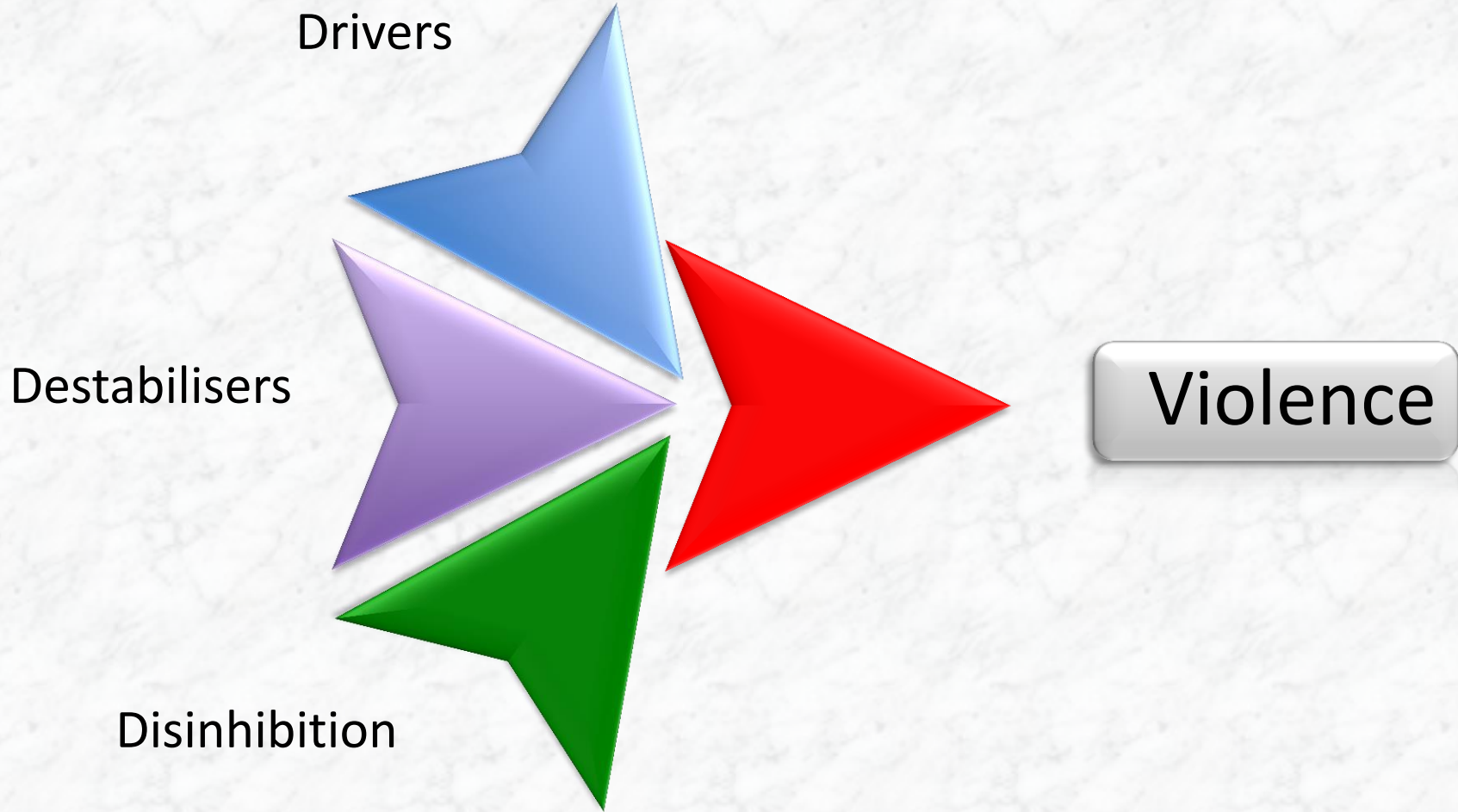
Methods: We begin by reviewing what we know about the importance of psychopathy to crime and antisocial behavior - why psychopathy is a construct that is here to stay. We then consider the conceptualization of the

behavior - why psychopathy is a construct that is here to stay. We then consider the conceptualization of the

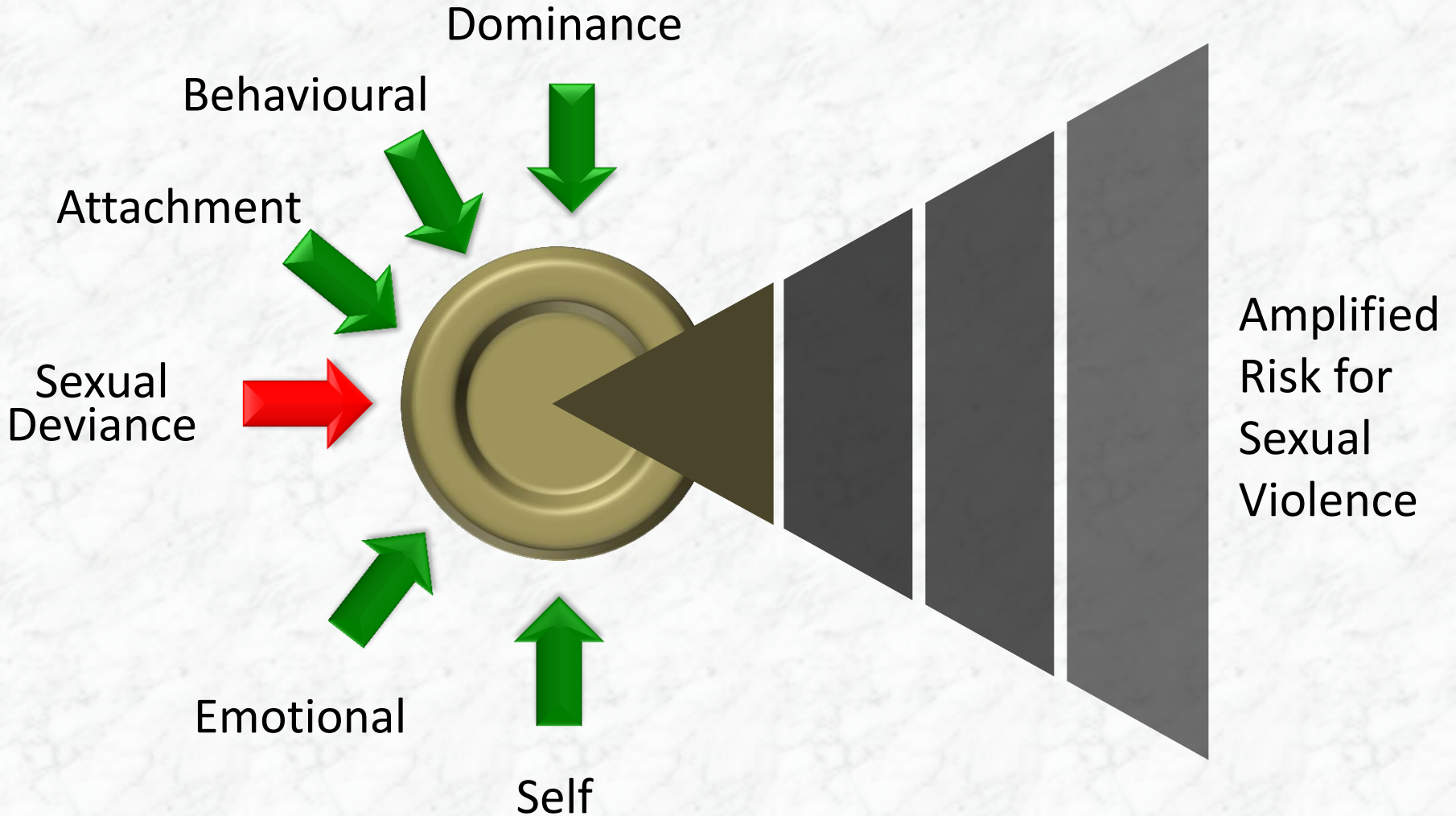
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Psychopathy and Violence

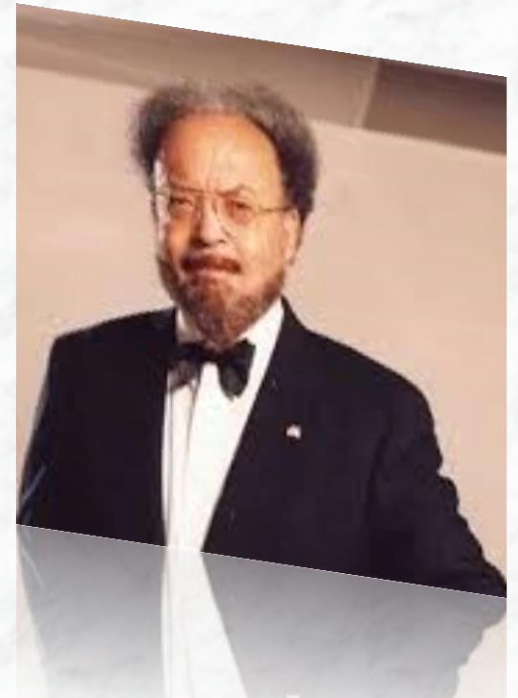


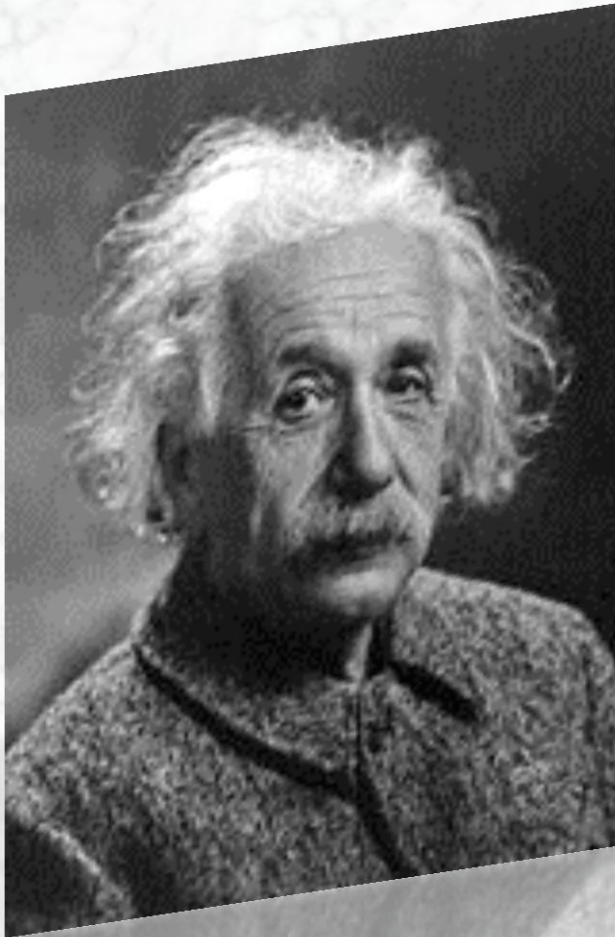
Synergistic effects



“It is only the unique way in which the personality construct is seen in real patients that is ultimately of clinical value.”

Millon (2011; p. 296)





“Not everything that counts can be counted, and not everything that can be counted, counts.”